

# Semi-Weekly Interior Journal.

VOL. XIV.

STANFORD, KY., FRIDAY, JANUARY 28, 1887.

NO. 198.

## Semi-Weekly Interior Journal

Published Tuesdays and Fridays  
—AT—  
\$2 PER ANNUM, CASH.

understood if we credit that \$2.50 will be ex-  
pected and demanded.

W. P. WALTON.

### A Stanford Boy in the South.

[To the Editor of the Interior Journal.]  
ATLANTA, GA., January 23.—Thinking that some of your readers would like to hear from the South, I will write a short letter. I have just returned from a trip through the southern part of Georgia, where I found real estate the topic everywhere. Lands are advancing rapidly; every day some new town is booming and put on the market for sale. I learned this morning of the Stanford Land Company, who bought in Anniston, Ala. I have inquired and find that the prospects are as good for Anniston as for Birmingham. Chattanooga has a big boom on now and you are accosted on every corner by real estate agents to know if you want to buy lands. Not only large buyers are there, but even the negroes are speculating. I saw a Cincinnati Southern conductor, who made \$5,000 the day I was there. I am told that in Birmingham it is worse than Chattanooga. The hotels are crowded beyond their capacity. Saw a negro in Chattanooga who is waiter at Read's Hotel who bought a lot some time ago for \$300 and was offered \$6,500 for it a few days since. Among the latest towns entering the real estate boom are Rome, Ga., Decatur, Selma, Anniston, South Pittsburgh, Ala. I send you an Atlanta Constitution, which has a lengthy article on the history of Anniston, which you can give to the Stanford Land Company.

Here in Atlanta a Stanford person feels at home, as many of Lincoln's stock traders are here. I have met C. K. and Robt. H. Crow, M. N. DePauw, Jim Walker, Givens, George Miller, Oliver, Major Stigall, Clerk Cash and Mr. Gover.

The mule market is very dull, to-day there being over 1,500 in the yards. Prices are low. The traders seem to think prices will advance next week, as they think the bulk of mules for Atlanta are now on the market.

The Kimball House is the finest hotel in the South, and deserves the high reputation it has won among the traveling public. The Kimball is getting to be quite a winter resort.

Prohibition is a dead letter here, for you can find domestic wine-rooms on every turn you make. If you want whiskey you call for Garrick; if you want beer you call for Cincinnati. If you call for a drink by its right name the bar-keeper will tell you "We do not sell that, but we sell 'this' and 'that'" etc., which is exactly what you call for.

The weather has been delightful, and winter clothing feels uncomfortable. I leave this afternoon for Tennessee.

J. T. C.

The hypocrisy and insincerity of the republican party were never more conspicuously exhibited than in the case of Mr. James C. Matthews, of this city, nominated by President Cleveland for Registrar of Deeds of the District of Columbia, rejected once by the Senate and reported adversely for the second time. There is no pretense that Mr. Matthews does not possess, to an eminent degree, the qualifications necessary for that office. In that respect he is fully equipped as his predecessor. The reason assigned for his rejection by the republican Senators who were blunt enough to blurt out the truth was that Mr. Matthews is a colored democrat. A negro who declines to wear the badge of political servitude prescribed by the republican party, and turns rather to those who make less professions and grant him more privileges and a larger share of justice, becomes an offender of the deepest dye in the eyes of the republicans of the United States Senate. During the short time Mr. Matthews has been administering the duties of the office he has shown marked ability, gentlemanly conduct and administrative tact. He has made himself very popular and has earned the respect and admiration of the lawyers and business men, irrespective of politics, who have had occasion to transact business in his office. The reforms and changes he has made in the office have been noted with marked approval, and it is generally acknowledged that he has decided improvement on Fred Douglass.—[Albany Argus.]

The board of town trustees held a meeting Friday morning and granting saloon licenses to Gentry Campbell and Otto Fischer at \$500 each, and their saloons were opened to the public. On Monday night, in view of the fact that the regular term of the public schools will expire this week, the board appropriated \$350 to the white and \$450 to the colored schools of the town for their continuance three months longer. Thus, high license is on top; the consumers of opium liquors pay for educating the children of the town and the present board of trustees deserve the praise of every good citizen.—[Midway Clipper.]

—Neither Louisville nor Cincinnati will have Expositions this year.

## GEORGE O. BARNES

### GOD IS LOVE AND NOTHING ELSE

#### —PRAISE THE LORD.

GREENWOOD, MISS., Jan. 24, '87.  
DEAR INTERIOR.—Both town and country are named after the great Choctaw chief—Greenwood Le Flore—whose family mansion, Malmaison, still stands, eight miles away. As the name indicates there was a dash of French blood in him, and he was educated in Paris, but chosen chief of the Choctaws at an early age, he was thoroughly identified with his people, till their removal to the Indian Territory, when he chose to remain east of the Mississippi. In building Malmaison he spared neither pains nor money, and tried to copy, on a small scale, the grandeur of the palace of the elder Napoleon. A large part of the furniture was imported and the establishment remains still a relic of not wholly departed magnificence; shown to visitors with commendable pride by the direct descendant and of the great chief. He died only 20 years ago. He was a Union man and maintained his unpopular position with dogged and inflexible courage throughout the struggle; frequently threatened and in peril, but ever answering his enraged fellow citizens, "You may kill me, but you can't scare me; living or dead, I am loyal." His first wife was a daughter of Koss, the equally famous Cherokee chief. His last partner, a most estimable white lady, still survives and is the hospitable mistress of Malmaison. I believe his sons by the first marriage hold their position with the tribe, west of the Mississippi.

A good many stories are told of the old chief, who was in his day a very prominent figure in these parts. He even dared to beard "Old Hickory" on one occasion, when an Indian agent, appointed by the President, incurred the wrath of the head of the Choctaws for slapping dealing with the tribe. Greenwood Le Flore posted to Washington, interviewed President Jackson and demanded his removal forthwith. The old General, nettled by the imperious ways of the Choctaw chief, refused, and in most positive terms endorsed the honesty of his agent. At last, wishing to put an end to the controversy, the President rose to his feet and lifting his long finger in an emphatic way, said: "I, General Jackson, President of the United States, tell you that Mr. Martin is an honest man." Le Flore sprang to his feet, also, and facing the old warrior with a face as unquailing as his own, answered: "And I, Greenwood Le Flore, chief of the Choctaws, tell General Jackson, President of the United States, that he is a liar!" The legend adds that the Indian chief carried his point. Old Hickory admired "pure grit" in any one. On another occasion, when the chief was serving in the State Senate, a flowery speaker made voluminous classical quotations, till the old man's patience becoming exhausted, he rose to a point of order and asked the presiding officer to compel the orator to confine himself to "plain United States language." The president ruled that a speaker had the option of choosing his own style of language in addressing the Senate. When Greenwood Le Flore rose to reply, he treated the astounded audience to some eloquent remarks, couched in pure Choctaw, and extending over half an hour.

He was buried, by his own request, near his family mansion. We are invited to go there this week, if we can manage it, some morning.

Saturday our charming weather broke up in a fearful rain storm, that prevented meetings, afternoon and night. A Mississippi rain is a rare description. I. beats a downpour in the Himalayas during the rainy season, ever. It rains more drops to the square inch and rains faster than in any country I have yet visited. It poured for about 12 hours, continuously, putting this flat country under water; floating the plank sidewalks and giving us a little idea of an overflow. When that occurs, however, the people get around in dug-outs and skiffs. All the houses in town are perched upon piles, ostensibly above high-water mark, which, however, is rather a "variable quantity" in Greenwood, for although our boarding house is thus elevated to the ordinary height, there is an ominous streak running around our bed-room, which indicates that the water has been in it about 18 inches deep at some previous period.

The Southern type of house-building prevails. One story, long fronts, wide verandahs the entire length, and high, airy rooms, pleasant in hot weather, but fearfully exposed in the blizzards we have had this year. Verandahs they call "galleries" here away. They tell a story on Lott at his first arrival: "Will you sit on the gallery, Brother Barnes?" said his host. "No, I believe I'll take a seat out on the porch," was the unapologetic reply.

We are invited, right and left, by the kind-hearted, hospitable people, and we visit a great deal; though contrary to my usual habit. I have to relax rules now and then. The precious gospel is making its way beautifully in many hearts. My hearers ask questions freely and I encourage them to do so. The dear LORD gives me the right answers, when I don't premeditate the response. If I do, I generally fail. I can not tell you how the truth unfolds in every direction as I go on to tell what I already know. The "side lights" are all gleaming on the "narrow path" ahead, and one must advance to get into their radiant track. To sit still is to miss them all. To "know the LORD" is to "follow on." Every day, almost, every hour, the light shines "more and more unto the perfect day." And it is such a joy to know you are on the right track at last. Praise the LORD! Of course, everybody thinks the same. Where they are—that is the right place. And I know I must wait for "the day to declare it." But I rest now as never before, in life, and "wait patiently for HIM."

I am longing to get back to Kentucky to tell what I have learned since I left there, to those who already believed a part of what the dear LORD has taught me. To sit a pupil in the "school of grace" and learn fresh lessons every day, what a life of increasing joy it is!

We had the unexpected pleasure of a visit from our cousins Heber and Mary Craft last Friday, preceded by one from their only son, Hugh, who stumbled across the troupe while on a business trip, earlier in the week. Our dear relations only remained 24 hours, but it led to an invitation to visit them and hold a meeting at McComb, Pike county, this State. They are only 100 miles above New Orleans and we may go to that city, and then work our way northwards as the warm weather compels. But we have no plan about it. We expect to leave Greenwood for McComb next Friday. This is Monday.

We are all delightfully well. The sun is out in full glory again and the dreariness of rain and gloom are gone for awhile. The folks here have gone to gardening. Some early things already up. I saw lettuce and radishes peeping above ground at one place. The hens are slogging about the yard in their idiotic, abstracted way, heralding the season of eggs in abundance, and everything wears the air of, say May, with us. It seems a little "previous," but I speak of things as they are. Ever in Jesus,

Geo. O. Barnes.

#### Health Hints.

A cheerful mind is better than all the drugs in the materia medica.

To prevent mustard plaster from blistering mix with the white of an egg.

Dr. Gross recommends diluted vinegar as an injection into the bladder to break up blood clots.

Inflammations are most safely and far more agreeably subdued by the application of warm water than of cold.

Don't neglect to give the baby a drink of water once or twice a day. The nursing babies cry oftener from thirst than from hunger.

Convulsions may frequently be cut short like magic by turning the patient on his left side. The nausea as an after effect of chloroform or other narcosis may be generally controlled in the same manner.

Excellent tooth powder: Sift of castile soap and spirits of camphor, of each an equal quantity; thicken with equal quantities of pulverized chalk and charcoal to a thick paste; apply with the finger or a brush.

Mustard, according to Dr. Richardson, is best applied by soaking a sponge with it. Tie the sponge up in a handkerchief and apply the convex side. This mustard sponge can be reapplied several times for reapplication.

For warts, corns and other indurations of the cuticle, nothing acts more satisfactorily than a mixture of equal parts of tincture of iodine and glacial acetic acid, applied in repeated layers with a brush night and morning.

It has been shown by actual experiment that the water which streams down the inside of the window of a closed sleeping-room is so impregnated with the noxious exhalations of the sleepers that one drop is sufficient to poison a rabbit.

In cases of undue sweating of the feet, accompanied by soreness and whitening of the skin at the sole, a cure may be readily effected by the application once a day of equal parts of citrine ointment and ung. aqu. rose. The feet should be bathed frequently.

A growing inability to sleep in sickness is ominous of fatal result; and in apparent health it indicates the failure of the wind and kidneys; on the other hand, in disease or dementia a very slight improvement in the sleeping should be hailed as the harbinger of restoration.

Jerusalem's glory has indeed departed. The ancient seat of God's chosen people is hopelessly modernized. Street railways now run past rows of Queen Anne cottages, Parisian toilets are the rule, public schools are open five days in each week, real estate agents have offices on every corner offering for sale choice lots on Mount Moriah and other sacred localities, and the City Council just now is having a quarrel about excessive taxes and arbitrary police powers. Even Bethlehem has been invaded by the spirit of improvement. That village has recently laid a new Nicholson pavement, and is talking of using electric lights. As to Nazareth, it has become a great oil market, where the blue barrels of the Standard Oil Company crowd Russian tanks in the warehouses, and a company has actually been formed there to bore for natural gas.—[Louisville Post.]

## MI VERNON, ROCKCASTLE COUNTY.

—See Adams' new departure.

—Our jail is again without an occupant.

—A child of Jasper Pickels aged 3 years died Sunday and was buried here Tuesday.

—Mr. George Liveray has bought only W. A. B. Davis at Wadd and will continue the mercantile business at that place.

—The magistrates assembled Monday in county court; placed the levy for the ensuing year at \$2.75 for poll tax and 25 cents per \$100 on property &c.

—The compositor last issue didn't catch on to the name of that oddly spelled post-office Wadd and put it Waldo. This odd appellation was derived from the initials of the first postmaster at that place, W. A. B. Davis.

CASH BARGAINS.—Granulated sugar, 14 pounds for \$1; Cane sugar 16 pounds for \$1; best prints 6 cents per yard, other grades in proportion. I want to make room for spring goods and must have money to buy them with. All persons owing me on accounts or notes must come and settle. L. B. Adams.

—G. W. Ray and family left Monday for Round Rock, Texas. It will be remembered that Mr. Ray lost his eyesight about seven years ago at Pine Hill by a premature blast while working in the coal mines for C. Crooke & Co. All of Mr. Ray's people live in Texas and when his family started Mr. Crooke furnished them transportation to Memphis.

—We have been unable to ascertain the result of the action of the supervisors of the assessors' books, but understand they raised the assessed value in some instances but failed to see the necessity of lowering that of those who by mistake or for purpose of their own gave in their assessment at a rate far above the actual value of the property reported.

—An important witness in a pension case in this county agreed to swear to certain things provided he was paid \$225, out of the first money drawn. When it was received the pensioner demurred, claiming it was too much. The witness informed him that he must pay up or he would make affidavit that he (the witness) had sworn falsely. The money was paid.

—In the county court here Monday last it was decided that the new \$5,000 jail should be built in the N. E. corner of the Court-house yard. As is usual in such cases there is some kicking by different parties on account of the location not being suitable to all. We think no better place could be found if the building is to be erected in accordance to the specifications we have seen.

—J. W. Mullins, of London, was here Tuesday submitting plans and specifications for the new jail. The contract has not been awarded yet or advertised, but will be soon. Mrs. M. E. Bragg has gone to Garrard to reside with her daughter, Mrs. R. E. Thompson. Thos. Rigby got \$43 pension money last week and will draw \$1 per month hereafter. John Wolf is skulking around in Tennessee to the sorrow of his family and numerous creditors left behind at this place. Capt. B. J. O'Neil was here Monday.

PROGRESSIVE LOUISVILLE.—The newest kink in Louisville is the "progressive" dinner party. A dinner of this kind was given lately and was a great improvement on the old style. After each course the sound of a bell warns the gentleman to move on to the next lady. In this way there is a general change of partners. The result is very satisfactory. A lady and gentlemen have to be very companionable to be able to get through a set dinner of many courses without getting somewhat weary, hot the "progressive" relieves the monotony of things. A gentleman should always sit to the left of a lady he accompanies to dinner and move to the right. It is the correct thing to leave your napkin in its place; fresh ones for each course should be furnished. The same may be said of the water glasses.—Post.

A colored brother came to town a few days ago to consult a lawyer as to the validity of his baptism. He said when he was baptized the weather was very cold and the preacher not being very well, deputized two deacons to take him into the water and dip him, while the preacher remained on the bank and repeated the ceremony. He had been told by some white man that he had not been properly baptized and he wanted to see a lawyer to find out whether it was legal or not.—[Elberton (Ga.) Leader.]

If the South were getting \$100,000,000 in pensions every year you would hear of Southern capital flowing North, and some Northern journal would be mean enough to rise up and say that said capital did not, after all, represent the difference in the financial success of the two sections, nor of their ability.—[Macon Telegraph.]

Use Greenough Balsam for coughs and colds. Price 50c. For sale by McRoberts & Slagg.

How is your blood? Use Green's Sarsaparilla. For sale by McRoberts & Slagg at \$1.

When Baby was sick, we gave her Castoria. When she was a Child, she cried for Castoria. When she became Miss, she clung to Castoria. When she had Children, she gave them Castoria.

## NOTICE TO CREDITORS

### —OF THE— LINCOLN LAND COMPANY.

All persons having debts against the Lincoln Land Company are requested to present them to J. W. A. Adams at his office in Stanford, Ky.

O. L. RICHARD, President.

## MILLINERY.

I am daily opening an elegant line of Fall Millinery, including all

### The Latest Novelties of the Season.

Also notions, such as Handkerchiefs, Collars and Cuffs, Hosiery, Corsets, Bustles, etc. You will find me at the rooms lately vacated by Butler & Warren, next door to the Myers House.

162-2m KATE DUBBERAR.

## TO WHOM IT MAY CONCERN.

At his solicitation, we accompanied F. K. Tribble to Vernalia, Ky., to examine the bridge & wire fences constructed by the Blue-Tribe Hedge Fence Co., which Mr. Tribble represents. We found the fence just as represented in every particular, being absolutely at proof and we also consider it highly ornamental to the farms on which they are constructed. We find upon enquiring the Company are perfectly responsible for all their contracts. We take pleasure in recommending the Company and their fence to all inquiring. A. W. SMITH, C. L. CROW, B. G. GOVER. 190-1m J. M. SNOW.

MACK BRUCE'S

## Buggy & Implement House.

—I have now—

A Full Line of Wheat Drills and other Agricultural Implements,

—Besides a—

Full Line of Buggies and Wagons

Always on hand. In connection with my Implement business, I will also carry a

Complete Stock of Lumber,

Both rough and dressed. Prices on everything as

Low as any one.

I solicit a share of your patronage. Respectfully,

112-1m I. M. BRUCE.

## FIVE COMMANDS!

Thou shalt go to BOURNE'S for all thy Christmas Goods.

Reason: Bourne has just received direct from New York City the newest and cheapest lot ever brought to this neck of the woods.

Thou shalt buy the medicines from Bourne. Reason: Bourne's goods are pure. Thy life is too valuable to be sacrificed because of inert remedies.

Thou shalt marry soon, very soon. Reason: The goose bone marrow this is a hard winter, and Bourne's toilet articles will make thee beautiful above thy fellows. (If thou dost not desire to marry, thou wilt desire to be envied because of thy beauty.)

Thou shalt go hunting and fishing. Bourne has the material.

Thou shalt have a baby, a fiddle, an accordion, violin strings, lamps, frames, pictures, mirrors, warblers.

Bourne has these and the finest lot of candies ever brought to Stanford.

Thou shalt keep thy mind that Bourne is the cleverest man (except Dr. Cox) and the best man to deal with.

"Roses red, violets blue, Bourne's is the place for you. —[Shakespeare. In fact, the half of his glories and fine goods have not been told thee.]

INFORMATION

MANY PERSONS at this season suffer from either Rheumatism, Neuralgia, Headache, Rheumatism, Pains in the Limbs, Back and Sides, Head Blood, Indigestion, Dyspepsia, Malaria, Constipation & Kidney Troubles.

—VOLINA CORDIAL CURES RHEUMATISM. Red Pains and Kidney Troubles, by cleansing the blood of all its impurities, strengthening all parts of the body.

—VOLINA CORDIAL CURES SICK-HEADACHE. Blisters applied to the limbs, back and sides, by toning the nerves and strengthening the muscles.

—VOLINA CORDIAL CURES DYSPEPSIA. Indigestion and Constipation, by adding the assimilating power of the food through the proper action of the stomach. It creates a healthy appetite and a healthy bowels.

—VOLINA CORDIAL CURES NERVOUSNESS. Depressed spirits and Weakness, by cultivating and toning the system.

—VOLINA CORDIAL CURES OVERWORKED and Debilitated Women, Pimp and Sickly Children. It is delightful and nutritious as a general tonic.

Volina Astringent and Diarrhoeal for 1887. A Lotion, complete and useful book telling how to cure the most common diseases in a pleasant, natural way. Mailed on receipt of a 2c. postage stamp. Address VOLINA DRUG & CHEMICAL CO. BALTIMORE, MD., U. S. A.

ESTABLISHED 1846 MUNN & CO. PATENTS NEW YORK. After Forty years' experience in the preparation of patents, the publishers of the Scientific American, which has the largest circulation and is the most influential newspaper of its kind, published in the world, the advantages of such a notice every patentee understands. The large and splendidly illustrated newspaper is published WEEKLY at \$3.00 a year, and is admitted to be the best paper devoted to science, mechanics, inventions, engineering works, and other departments of industrial progress, published in any country. It contains the names of all patentees and titles of every invention patented each week. Try it four months for one dollar. Sold by all news-dealers. If you have an invention to patent write to Munn & Co., publishers of Scientific American, 36 Broadway, New York. Handbook about patents mailed free.

## H. K. TAYLOR,

OF LOGAN COUNTY, is a Candidate or the office of Superintendent of Public Instruction, subject to the Democratic State Convention.

## For Sale at a Bargain.

I offer for sale privately in Stanford, Ky., a very desirable residence with seven rooms and porch. Well of water at the door; stable, smoke house, &c. About an acre of ground in the lot. For terms, &c., apply to

B. G. ALFORD, Agent for J. R. Alford.

## NEWCOMB HOTEL.

MT. VERNON, KY.

This old and well-known Hotel is still maintaining its fine reputation. Charges reasonable. Special attention to the traveling public.

J. P. NEWCOMB, Prop'r, Mt. Vernon, Ky.

## E. H. FOX,

The Photographer,

Danville, - - - Ky.

## Frames Made to Order.

## A Grand Combination

THE INTERIOR JOURNAL

—And the Louisville—

## Weekly Courier-Journal

One year for only \$3—two papers for little more than the price of one.

By paying us \$3 you will receive for one year your home paper with the Courier-Journal, the representative newspaper of the South, democratic and for a staff of revenue only, and the best, brightest and ablest family weekly in the United States. Those who desire to examine a sample copy of the Courier-Journal can do so at this office.

## PIANOS!

Concert Grand,

Parlor Grand,

Baby Grand,

Upright Grand,

Square Grand.

We are opening the most carefully selected, the finest and best stock of

PIANOS AND ORGANS

Ever brought to this city. Every instrument is the product of an artist and prices range from \$9 to 25 percent, lower than other dealers ask for the same goods. Persons of musical and art culture are invited to an inspection of the beautiful, cultivated, refined tone and artist design of these celebrated instruments.

The World-renowned Knabe, the Famous Decker & Son, the Popular Everett and the Reliable New England Pianos.

The Celebrated Olough and Warren and the John Church & Co. Organs.

Please communicate with us for catalogues, terms and prices.

S. R. & L. J. COOK, Special Agents, Stanford, Ky. Or ROSE R. RICHARD, Post-office. References:—A. T. Penny, Mrs. E. M. Carpenter, J. M. Phillips, J. M. Moore and James Healey, Stanford; Mrs. Magie Holmes, Crab Orchard; Gen. W. J. Landrum and Miss Lizzie Hugman, Lancaster, Ky. 134-1m

## O. & M.

## OHIO & MISSISSIPPI R. W.

The direct through time and old established route from

Louisville & Cincinnati to St. Louis and all points in the West.

Two (2) Daily Trains from Louisville to St. Louis. Three (3) Daily Trains from Cincinnati to St. Louis.

Only 10 hours from Louisville and Cincinnati to St. Louis.

The Only Line by which you can get a Through Sleeping Car

From Cincinnati to St. Louis.

The O. & M. is the only line running between Louisville, Cincinnati and St. Louis, and Cincinnati to St. Louis, all other routes being made up of a combination of small routes.

The Ohio & Mississippi Railway runs Pullman Sleeping Cars on night trains; Luxurious Pullman Cars on day trains; Elegant Day Coaches on all trails.

Direct and close connections are made in UNION DEPOTS with diverging lines by the O. & M. Railway, thus avoiding troublesome transfers by other routes.

The Ohio & Mississippi Railway is the only line between Louisville, Cincinnati and St. Louis under one management, running all its trains through solid and in consequence is recognized First-Class Route between those Cities.

Apply to ticket Agents of connecting lines for full particulars as to rates, time, maps, circulars or any desired information, or write to

JOHN F. BARNARD, W. H. SHATTUCK, Pres. and Gen'l Mgr's, Cincinnati, O.

## OPERA HOUSE

—STANFORD, KY.—

W. P. WALTON, - - Proprietor

Site of Stage, 20x50. Eight complete sets of Scenery, seating capacity, including gallery, 850. Reasonable rates to good attractions.



Stanford, Ky., - - - January 23, 1887

W. P. WALTON.

HALSTEAD, of the Cincinnati Commercial, in through his lieutenant, Gen. Byington, trying to justify his opinion of Grant, expressed in a letter to Secretary Chase, of February, 1863, in which he said: "Our noble Army of the Mississippi is being wasted by the foolish, stupid, drunken Grant. He can't organize or control or fight an army. I have no personal feeling about it, but I know he is an ass." Byington's letters from Washington teem with proofs of Grant's drunken habits, and the Field Marshal laughs with a ghoul-like glee, as he points with pride to "I told you so!" This is nice work for a republican sheet and is in strange contrast to this beautiful tribute from the Courier-Journal, a rebel sympathizer: "Gen. Grant's faults were many, but his fame is the common heritage of his country. It rests on a sure foundation, and over his shortcomings we should rightly cast the mantle of charity. As the trees fall, so shall it lie, Grant's life is written in deeds that are not to be forgotten. He has told his own story with wonderful simplicity, directness and clearness. It is a marvelous story, written by one unused to words, that he might not leave his family dependent on patriotic gratitude. By that last work, facing death with pen in hand; noting its near approach day by day, yet forcing himself to complete an almost impossible task, he has given us a memorial more lasting than any monument his countrymen can erect. Surely that silent captain has earned at least from this generation silence as to his infirmities. May peace abide with him and his."

GEN. SHERMAN, who was retired with the rank of general at \$13,500 a year for the rest of his life, with nothing on earth to do except to attend to any private business he may care to, has asked Congress to provide him a secretary at \$1,600 a year to aid him in his correspondence. This seems the very essence of ease, but the old soldiers from general down to privates and even outlaws want the earth, and with a lot of demagogues warming seats in Congress they are likely to get it. The pension business and other gratuities of the government are assuming the dimensions of an outrageous raid upon the pockets of honest men, who are worthy of at least a little consideration.

THE protection democrats in Congress have agreed to a bill that will reduce the treasury receipts \$65,000,000 without relieving to much extent the wants of the people. About \$8,000,000 of the amount is to come from the tariff and the balance by the abolition of the Internal Revenue taxes on tobacco and of the license tax on whisky. The people will appreciate, in a horn, the wisdom of allowing them free whisky and tobacco, when the necessities of life go on paying war taxes. With the aid of republican votes the bill will likely become a law.

DETAILS of a horrible execution come from Paris. A man and his wife were condemned to die for burning their mother to death and when the hour for the execution came the woman became frantic and in piteous tones begged for mercy. With the almost superhuman strength of despair she fought and struggled with the executioners and finally had to be bound hand and foot and held in position while the guillotine did its frightful work. The man showed no emotion whatever.

THE grave and reverend seigniors of the Senate worked themselves into an exceedingly warlike fit and after a liberal discharge of harmless ammunition, black cartridges as it were, passed the bill authorizing the President to protect and defend the rights of American fisheries and other vessels, by the remarkable vote of 46 to 1. Riddleberger was the 1.

THE cocaine habit is even more fearful in its results than morphine. A Chicago doctor, who has become a slave to it, had to be confined, and his condition is pitiable. His arms are covered with lacerations, caused by the excessive use of the hypodermic syringe; the skin on his hands has almost turned black and his features plainly show the frightful effects of the drug.

THE Kentucky delegation in Congress met and tried to agree on a man to recommend to the President for commissioner under the Interstate Commerce bill, but as each member had his candidate, no conclusion was arrived at, save that old Cerro Gordo Williams and the field were nip and tuck—no 6 against him.

THE republicans of Warren second our nomination of Col. William O'Donald Bradley by instructing the vote of the county for him. All the others will fall into line when they read of the exploits of the greatest hero of the war, which we are preparing for publication at an early date.

BLAIR's silly proposition for a constitutional amendment giving women a right to vote, was defeated in the Senate, 34 to 16, after a whole day lost in discussing it. No true woman wants to vote. It is only those who wish to usurp the rights of man who are crying for suffrage.

IN a trial at Memphis a fellow who wanted to help the accused murderer, got his name called as a juror and got on the jury, but when the judge found it out he fined the man \$50 and sent him to jail for ten days. Pretty bitter medicine, but none too severe for the case.

SOME little Lexington devils, who were doubtless born to be hung, caught a cat and after pouring coal oil on her, set her afire. In her fright the poor animal ran into a stable and communicated the fire to the combustible material therein and an extensive conflagration was only prevented by the strenuous efforts of the fire department. The little rascals ought to be paddled till they can't sit down for a month.

THE Scott county News, T. E. Johnson and Harry Montgomery, editors, has just made its appearance at Georgetown. It is an eight column weekly and the initial number bears evidence of an ability to make a first-class paper. Georgetown may be large enough for two papers but we doubt it. Bro. Ball has never made a fortune even with a monopoly.

THE same old combination shows up at Indianapolis, 75, 70 and 4. Necessary to a choice for Senator, 76. Turpie lacks only one vote, near and yet so far, when we consider what amount the labor men have placed on the change of one vote.

A WELL WRITTEN article on the gubernatorial contest, by M. T. Cratt, Esq., appears on our fourth page.

## NOTES OF CURRENT EVENTS.

—The Chicago Council voted down 28 to 2 a petition to raise the liquor license from \$500 to \$1,000.

—The appropriation for the army this year will be \$23,724,718 or more than \$1,000 for each soldier.

—A tornado swept through Danville, Va., Tuesday, blowing down a number of houses but killing no one.

—A man named Lowrey cut Richard Toomy, a boy, to death at a party at Geo. Million's, in Madison county.

—The Livingston county democrats are somewhat premature. They have already held their convention and instructed for Holt.

—Thomas Arnold Taylor was found dead in his room last Friday evening on his brother Dr. Hub. Taylor's farm in Clark county.

—A St. Louis ladies' shoe store has employed Frank James as a salesman, hoping by such an advertisement to draw silly women thereto.

—Wm. H. Baldwin received a verdict in the U. S. Court, Covington, giving him possession 30,000 acres of disputed land in Rowan county.

—The sensational story, originating in London, that immediate war between France and Germany was imminent, turns out to be a canard.

—Chill is greatly excited over the appearance of cholera on its boundaries. In Mendocino forty deaths a day from the plague are reported.

—The Secretary of the Interior estimates that \$4,662,104 will be required for the first yearly payment of pensions to men who served in the Mexican war.

—Hayes has at last got an office about which there is no dispute. Gov. Foraker has appointed him trustee of the Ohio University for a term of seven years.

—The ice gorge below Oil City is two miles long and 15 feet high. The town is in danger and an attempt is being made to break the gorge with nitro glycerine.

—John W. Wrenn has been taken to the penitentiary from Bourbon to serve a life sentence for the murder of old man Rowe, the Court of Appeals having refused a new trial.

—During 1886 there were on all the railroads in the United States a total of 1,211 accidents, 401 killed and 1,433 hurt; a monthly average of 101 accidents, 33 killed and 119 injured.

—The new \$5 silver certificate has a portrait of Gen. Grant on its face, and on the back a group of five silver dollars. The back is the most artistic yet produced by the engraving bureau.

—One Krips was whipping his wife on a shanty-boat at Vidalia, Miss., when a man named Hite interfered. The result was the killing of Krips with a hammer. The man and woman have been arrested.

—T. B. Parnell, sheriff of Muhlenberg county, was shot and killed on Saturday at Paradise, on Green river, while attempting to arrest James W. Hopkins, on a charge of having murdered his own son five months ago.

—The colored population of Augusta, Ky., demand four councilmen of their race out of eight to be elected, and have held a convention and placed them in nomination to be voted for at the spring election.

—Mrs. Martha Brent, Binghampton, N. Y., deserted her aged husband and eloped with a man named Cloverdale, who left a dying wife and five children. A coat of tar and feathers would look well on both of their backs.

—A battery of four boilers exploded in the iron and steel works of Spang, Chalfant & Co., near Pittsburg, killing one man instantly and seriously injuring several others. The damage to the machinery and buildings was great.

—Thomas Rowe, one of the three negro ghouls who killed an old white woman at Baltimore, in order to sell her body to some medical students, has been sentenced to death. The trial, arguments and all only occupied half a day.

—There has been such a kick against the excessive tax on oleomargarine that Senator Beck has introduced a bill which reduces the annual tax on wholesale dealers in the article from \$480 to \$100, and the license tax on retail dealers from \$48 to \$13.

—Saturday last 66 tons of silk left San Francisco by special train for Chicago and New York by the Central and Union Pacific lines, Chicago & Northwestern and the Star Union line. The train will be run on passenger schedule time to its destination.

—Six hundred negroes at Paris have resolved themselves into an independent party of the colored race and will in future vote only with that party that will prove that it is their friend by its works.

—The long Senatorial contest in Tennessee ended Monday night in the nomination by the democratic caucus of ex-Governor William B. Bate. Col. House withdrew from the race and there was a stampede to the ex-Governor, who had from the first led in the caucus. He will be elected to succeed Senator Whitthorne, whose term expires on the 4th of March next.

—Attorney General Gariand has issued an order staying for one year the judgment against Judge Byrd, of Laurel county, as security of the pension agent at Lexington. The amount due the government is over \$10,000 and Judge Byrd is the only one of the securities good for the delinquency. The stay in the case is ordered to give an opportunity for the resending of the accounts.

—Five persons in the Mt Sterling jail made their escape by knocking down Jailer Punch and rushing to liberty. The whole 13 would have escaped, but for a little son of the jailer, who held the rest at bay with a pistol till help arrived. All of those that escaped are charged with murder, one of whom had been sentenced for life and another for 21 years. Two of them have since been captured.

—Two hundred cases of giant powder exploded on a freight train on the Missouri Pacific near Fort Scott, Kansas. One man was killed, 15 cars completely demolished, and several rods of the track destroyed. So great was the force of the explosion that thousands of dollars' worth of glass in the city, half a mile distant, was shattered, and windows were broken twenty-five miles away.

## LONDON, LAUREL COUNTY.

—Several cases of measles are reported at the Mason boarding-house.

—Judge Vincent Bireing returned from the East Monday, in answer to a telegram informing him of the serious illness of his father, Mr. Murray Boreing. Mr. Boreing shows little signs of improvement.

—James and Conn Wren, little sons of John Wren, a deceased member of McKee Lodge, F. and A. M., will shortly leave for the Masonic Home, Louisville, where they will be educated.

—James Farris, Alex. Profit and T. C. Norvell, trustees of the school taught by William Black, an account of whose trial was given in our last, have been arraigned for official neglect. The two former resigned and the case was dismissed as to them and the trial of the latter is set for to-day (Wednesday).

—Deputy Marshal F. B. Riley is in Louisville. Judge J. W. Alcorn, of Stanford, was here on professional business. J. T. Brown and a little boy of Dr. N. M. Scales are added to our sick list. L. C. Young, of the new mercantile firm of L. C. & M. T. Young, McWhorter, is in the cities. W. A. Parsley, with Brinkley & Grubbs, Louisville, started on a tour of the mountain towns Monday.

—Senator W. J. Caudill, of Clay, passed through this city Monday on his return from Washington, where a fortnight was spent in forming the acquaintance of the great men of this great country, and storing his mind with information that may be of use to him when that dream of the majority of American mankind, to go to Congress, is realized. But especially was the Senator impressed with the grand display of the "substantial" in the treasury vaults.

—Great diversity of opinion on the political situation prevails in this county. The gubernatorial contest demands most attention, with the sentiment about equally divided between Senator Harris and Gen. Buckner, an occasional admirer of Col. Holt and Capt. Hines bobbing serenely up. Taylor is leading for Superintendent of Public Instruction, with now and then a warm supporter of big-eared Pickett exhibiting great pluck and little judgment. O, for a modern Moses to lead us out of the political wilderness.

## GARRARD COUNTY DEPARTMENT.

—The first saloon to close under the local option law was that of Ben Mason whose license expired Tuesday.

—The Sunday school convention convened Wednesday at the Christian church. Rev. McClain, of Cincinnati, lectured Wednesday evening on Missionary Heroes.

—Mr. Emanuel Sick, of Newark, Ohio, whose damage suit against the K. C. railroad for killing his son, who was a brakeman on the road, will be tried this term of court, is in town.

—Wm. Cumley, a farmer who lives near Hyattsville was coming to town in a spring wagon Wednesday afternoon when his horse became frightened and ran away, throwing him out. He sustained a concussion of the spine and other serious injuries.

—Misses Jennie Kennedy and Mary Holmes, of Crab Orchard, are visiting Mrs. H. C. Kaufman. Mrs. M. L. Grainger and Master Commodore left Wednesday for Texas, to remain several months. Messrs Anderson & Herndon have removed their law office to the rooms over Eaton's store.

—COURT NOTES.—Humphrey Best was tried in three cases for carrying concealed weapons and given \$25 and 10 days each. For furnishing liquor to a minor he was fined \$50. Loach Kemper was fined \$50 for furnishing liquor to minor. Charley White was fined \$100 and 30 days in jail for shooting a horse.

—One of our most exemplary young married men tried to pick his teeth in church Tuesday night with what he supposed to be a wooden tooth-pick but which proved to be a "popping" match which exploded with a loud report. A portion of

the flying fire got into the mustache of the young man aforesaid causing him much uneasiness.

—Decidedly the most pleasant affair that ever occurred in Lancaster was the supper given by the members of the Boyle, Lincoln and Garrard county bars in honor of Judge Owsley and Mr. R. C. Warren at the Miller Hotel Monday evening. Col. Miller excelled himself in the getting up of the repast which was indeed elegant. Gen. W. J. Landram was chosen master of ceremonies and a happier selection could not have been made. At half past eight o'clock the following gentlemen sat down to supper: Mr. R. C. Warren and Judge M. H. Owsley, in whose honor the supper was given; Wm. McKee Duncan, Louisville; Judge T. Z. Morrow, Somerset; Geo. Donov, Jr., Lexington; Col. W. G. Welch, and T. P. Hill, Judge M. C. Sandley, D. R. Carpenter, Mastercom Peyton, W. A. Tribble, P. M. McRoberts, Stanford; W. G. Dunlap, Danville; Colonel W. O. Bradley, General W. J. Landram, B. M. Burdett, Wm. Herndon, J. H. Brown, W. B. Mason, John W. Miller, Wm. McC. Johnston, H. C. Kaufman and W. A. Mullins, Lancaster. The following toasts were responded to: The Older Members of the Bar, W. J. Landram; Our Guests, Colonel W. O. Bradley; The Judiciary, William Herndon; The Old-time Justice of the Peace, Colonel T. P. Hill; Our Clients, W. G. Welch; Fees, M. C. Sandley; The Press, W. G. Dunlap; The City Bar, William McKee Duncan, Louisville. Judge Owsley and Mr. Warren each delivered a short address. The responses to the various toasts were made in a happy vein of humor and brought forth tremendous applause. Colonel Welch, who possesses the enviable faculty for saying a good thing well, completely bringing down the house.

## NOTES.

Mon. M. C. Sandley, who responded to the toast, "Fees," said it seemed anomalous that he should be given "Fees" while Col. Welch was down for "Our Clients." At home, he said, it was just the reverse; he had the clients and Col. Welch received the fees.

In the course of his remarks Col. Hill paid a fitting tribute to the late George W. Dunlap.

Col. Welch and Bradley indulged in a game of billiards just before supper and it was plainly evident to the lookers on that Colonel Bradley was no such a billiardist as he is a politician. The way Colonel Welch "done him up" was a sight.

Colonel Hill told about a magistrate in a county not far remote, who, in the absence of the prosecuting attorney at a trial, examined the witnesses for the Commonwealth, cross examined the witnesses for the defense, instructed the jury to bring in a verdict of guilty and closed with a telling speech for the prosecution. The story was subsequently dubbed a "venerable cheating" by Colonel Welch, however.

In response to the toast, "The Press," W. G. Dunlap, of the Danville Tribune, said he, like Mark Twain, could never deliver an impromptu speech without at least two weeks' preparation.

A letter from Judge R. P. Jacobs was read, in which he expressed his regrets at being unable to attend.

THE INTERIOR JOURNAL's young man felt very young indeed in the presence of so much legal talent, but managed to get away with his share of the supper. That night we dreamed of being before 16 grand juries in succession, each one of which compelled us to testify by hanging us up by the thumbs.

General Landram, who presided, in calling the toasts to be responded to by members of the Stanford bar, referred to the speakers as follows: "The Old Time Justice of the Peace," response by Colonel T. P. Hill, one we all delight to honor and whose presence is an inspiration; known throughout the Commonwealth as 'The Old War-Horse.' From the summit of his honors, he can look back with pride upon a life well spent and enjoy the consciousness of the admiration and respect of his countrymen." "Our Clients," by Colonel W. G. Welch, a gentleman whose culture and genial manners endear him to all who know him; hence his ability to capture clients "Fees," response by Judge M. C. Sandley. The country would honor itself by placing him upon the bench upon the slope of the Pacific, where the question of "fees" would no longer disturb his mind."

## REV. C. W. DUNLAP.

Why he Temporarily Leaves Evangelistic Work.

[To the Editor of the Interior Journal:] INDEPENDENCE, KY., January 25.—You will confer a favor by inserting this communication in your paper:

An unexpected decline in value of Pueblo property has cast a debt of \$1,500 on me. "Go preach," in my eyes, is on a par with "Owe no man anything." While it is a great burden to me to give up the evangelistic work, which has grown sweeter day by day ever since I heard that wonderful gospel from our beloved teacher, Geo. O. Barnes, prince of bible interpreters, and saintliest of all saints; yet I must forego the grandest of all occupations, "telling the sweet story," till I can tell it free from debt to all the world.

Knowing that the wily enemy, even the devil, will be quick to say I have put my hand to the plough and turned back to teaching school for a living, I wish to foretell him by asking the friends of the press to put this letter before their readers that they may know just the real reason for my withdrawing temporarily from the evangelistic work. I will ask Danville, Lancaster, Richmond, Williamstown, Burlington and Covington papers to please copy.

G. W. DUNLAP, Evangelist.

## PLEASE READ

The following paragraphs, setting forth some of the good things kept by

**T. R. WALTON,**

GROCER,

MAIN AND SOMERSET STS.

My No. 1 and No. 2 Marked in good 3-hoop pails are low, considering the price of fish.

My Maple Syrup is as near pure as can be found anywhere.

I can safely say that I have the very best selection of Canned Goods.

My Preserves and Jams are put up by the best packers of those articles.

I desire those who have been troubled with bad hard to try mine. I am willing to take back every pound that doesn't give the most entire satisfaction.

I have Lard, Navy and Mixed Beans, Hominy, Oat Meal, Shredded Oats, Macaroni, Pickles in Bulk, Hoary and many other things which I can not mention here—every article first-class.

I offer several Coal Vases and my stock of Coal Buckets at Cost.

T. R. WALTON.

Mark Hardin, late of Monticello, Clerk

**WALSH, THE TAILOR,**

232 FOURTH AVENUE,

**LOUISVILLE, - - KY.**

P.S.—FINE GOODS EXCLUSIVELY.

**JOE F. WATERS.**

—Dealer In—

**Heavy & Fancy Groceries, Glass- and Queensware, Etc.**

**Main Street, - Stanford, Ky.**

A Share of your Patronage is very Respectfully Solicited.

W. M. WATERS, Salesman.

**OLIVER PLOWS!**



**W. H. HIGGINS**

Is still selling the old reliable OLIVER, and also has an improvement that is destined to make it much more popular than it has ever been.

Don't buy a pump until you see the BUCKET ELEVATOR, and for cutting boxes buy the SECTION CUTTER. JEWEL and ECONOMIST RANGES, NEW ARIZONA COOK STOVES, &c.

Also a general line of Hardware, Groceries, Salt, Lime, Cement Flue tilting, &c.

W. B. MCKINNEY, AUGUST WEIDINGER, Salesmen.

**Wall Paper,**

**Furniture,**

**Cases, Caskets, Robes.**

Full and Complete Stock of the above and prices as low as the lowest.

**B. K. WEAREN, Stanford.**







## The Governorship of Kentucky.

The contest for the gubernatorial nomination warms up as the time for the final decision draws near. A feature of that contest manifesting itself more and more fully as time moves on apace, is truly to be deplored. The feature is the outgrowth of an unfortunate dispute which having been embroiled in the arbitrament of arms, was finally settled and forever, almost a quarter of a century ago. What was our opinion or yours at that time, is a question which now concerns no one; and whether we stood in the ranks with the gallant Southrons and fought for our honest convictions, and lost, or whether we walked side by side with the noblemen who championed the cause of "liberty and the Union, one and inseparable," and triumphed, or whether we fought at all, should be no question as to our fitness for Governor or for any other office within the gift of a now united and peaceful people.

Notwithstanding the appeals which these facts should make, and do make, to the intelligence of Kentuckians, this "mortal" sentiment promises to be a factor, and a strong one, in the selection of the standard bearers of our party in the approaching Kentucky State Convention.

For Governor, Gen. Simon Bolivar Buckner moves upon the work of the party as the hero of Fort Donelson, as brave a soldier as drew a sword for the "lost cause," and as able a general as ever led a "forlorn hope," and he moves with a following of which any man should be proud, but this brilliant military record does not fit him for such high civic honors. Still the veteran general is a true Kentuckian, a sound Democrat, an accomplished, honorable and intelligent citizen and would do honor to a higher position even than that to which he aspires.

Col. G. A. C. Holt, the distinguished and beloved son of a section whose "people during the late civil war were intensely southern in their feelings," and himself a "gallant Colonel of the Confederacy," promises to cut no ugly figure in this contest. If a friends claim for him that he was not only a brave and loyal Southerner, but that the experience gained in the halls of legislation and a brief period as acting Lieutenant Governor, fit him in an eminent degree for Governor of this great State, and we do not say the claim is unjust, but why tell us he fought, when it can in no wise affect his worthiness or fitness for the position sought?

Capt. Thomas H. Hines is credited with devising means for, and helping to effect the escape from the Federal prison at Columbus, Ohio, of himself, five other soldiers and the martyred confederate chieftain, Gen. John H. Morgan. The Southern heart still warms to the brave Captain for his part in this daring exploit, and for other valuable services rendered during the "late unpleasantness," but that should not make him Governor of Kentucky. But he, too, like Gen. Buckner and Col. Holt, possesses other qualifications and these should be considered if he is to be regarded as a gubernatorial quantity.

But there is another, last in our summary but not least in the hearts of his people, a noble Roman among them all, a sturdy yeoman of brains withal, an intellectual giant, honesty and integrity as rugged and firm as the "rock ribbed hills" whose neighbors he is and whose friend he has proven himself to be, whose undivided support he will carry with him into the Convention in the flowery month of May! That man is Hon. John D. Harris, of Madison county. Senator Harris was not a soldier, but he was an avenger on this account. Were there an advantage to be gained in being the possessor of a model war record, he would cheerfully waive it. His friends bring him before the people upon his record as a man, and propose to live or die by the decision of that people. They point with no limited degree of pride to his record as a Senator in the last Legislature of Kentucky. They invite a careful survey of his business career from the beginning of an honorable and useful life, and fear not the result. They challenge the strictest examination into his standing as a democrat, and expect to profit thereby. They pit him against the bravest soldier of them all for true bravery, for unequalled courage. Courage to do right; courage to faithfully discharge a duty; courage to maintain the integrity and honor of this grand old Commonwealth as her chief executive. Herein should be the guiding star, shining over the political manager in which lies the child of promise of Kentucky democracy.

No disparagement whatever is meant to the other gentlemen, either of whom would no doubt make a good Governor, but Senator Harris, we are brought to believe, would make a far better. Honestly believing so, we shall labor in season and out for his nomination; but, should this fail, we here cheerfully and faithfully pledge our hearty and earnest support to the nominee, who ever he may be, satisfied in the conviction that the party of the people, the democratic party, knows, and will direct all for the best.—[M. T. Craft in London Leader.]

One of his enthusiastic admirers says, "Gen. Buckner fears nothing—not even death." It's only when the still, small, six months-old voice of Simon Bolivar, Jr., breaks silence that his fearless pa-bustles.—[Glasgow News.]

There are 2,500 trained birds in the carrier pigeon service at Paris, which take dispatches in and out of the capital in the roughest weather to wherever they are taught to go.

## ARCTIC ANIMALS.

## METHODS OF HUNTING EMPLOYED BY THE MUTES OF ALASKA.

Habits of the Seal—Summer Sports—The Claminess of the Walrus—The Polar Bear in His Ice Habitation—White Whales.

Nature seems to have provided certain animals peculiarly adapted to the hyperborean region, and eminently fitted to afford subsistence to the race who have to withstand the exigencies and severe climatic changes of an Arctic zone. The principal animals inhabiting the waters of northwestern Alaska are the various members of the seal family. During the winter the seals, rising on the surface, strike against the thin young ice and make a hole. Through these holes they crawl upon the smooth surface and lie sleeping at the brink. In the early spring the first glimpse of sun induces them to forsake their watery homes, and to bask in the warm rays seems to afford great pleasure to these amphibious creatures. When lying in these positions the hunter crawls upon all fours in a stealthy manner as possible.

When, after a gale, the ice is broken up into small leads not made of stout seal hide is stretched across the chasm, and the seals rising to blow become entangled in the meshes. Within the last decade birch leafing dreams have been used by the Mutes in hunting, but previous to their introduction spears made with copper or iron heads were used, the frame for carrying the spear being carved from walrus ivory. To the end of the spear a long coil of seal line is attached, to which at intervals blades of the seal are fastened. In these ways the hardy natives hunt the animal which affords them not only food, but also oil for their lamps and hides for their clothing. When the icy wind sweeps over the frozen expanse of sea, carrying with it small pieces of snow that, striking the face, cut the skin like a charge of shot, when fog and snow mist envelop the landscape, a Mute hunter has to possess grit and nerve to face conditions that no white man has ever yet done.

## SUMMER SPORTS.

In the summer, when the ocean is again free from the grasp of the iceberg, seals desert themselves at the mouth of every stream and rivulet in order to catch fish or sealions. Then the kayak is called into requisition. In this frail construction of skin and wood the hunter, launched upon the waves, paddles quietly and gently upon the seal until within range. Naturally a very inquisitive animal, an intuition of the creeping noise peculiar to the phoece is sufficient to make a seal swim on the top of the water with its head protruding, thereby insuring a good object to aim at. Whistling is also resorted to in attracting the seal to the surface. The variety of seal known as the "smooth black hair" is highly prized by the natives throughout the territory of Alaska north of the Aleutian Islands. Its large hide forms the covering for boats and canoes, and also serves as boot soles entirely impervious to water. Seal-like backs are rarely seen to the north of Point Hope. These are very handsome and conspicuous animals as they lie basking in the sun upon the ice. Their color is a deep chocolate brown, with a broad band of white, shaped like a saddle, which extends from the back around the belly, and from this peculiar marking they derive their name.

Forty years ago immense herds of the bulky walrus might be seen disporting in the waters of the Behring and Arctic seas. Owing to the prices which their ivory tusks were valued at hunting of these phaeopha became a source of profit to the whalers. As a consequence of indiscriminate slaughter their numbers have been sensibly reduced, and except around Bristol Bay and the coast upon Walrus Island of the Fribourg group, but few walrus are now seen in the Alaskan seas.

There is perhaps no animal in nature that appears so clumsy and so ill adapted to locomotion as this enormous brute. Upon land they are utterly helpless. When striving to effect a landing upon an ice floe or rocks they use their fore flippers to hold on by and wait for the assistance of each other to thrust them up to the desired spot. In hunting the walrus the rifle is used by the natives, but it would be safe to say that within the past few years not more than a hundred have been killed between St. Lawrence Island and Point Barrow, owing to their shy nature. While walrus ivory has so depreciated in value that it does not pay to bring it to this port, a demand has sprung up for the hides, which have been found to make the finest and durable leather for belting purposes. The use of the tusks that form the appendages to the walrus' head is to enable the animal to dig for clams and other shell fish and also the bulb roots of sea weeds that are to be found at the mouths of the numerous small streams and creeks that flow into the Arctic seas.

## WHALE AND BEAR.

Schools of white whale—beluga, or grampus—are the first of the cetacean family that appear along the Alaskan shores when the ice begins to break up. Their glaucous white color is sensibly visible as they gracefully glide in the dark green water of the sea. Following the ice pack and drifting to north and west, these grampus seem to be the forerunners of the gigantic belugas, the bow-headed whale, in their passage to the northern waters. In hunting these white whales the natives on Kotzebue sound display great ingenuity. A fleet of kayaks spread into a semicircle induces the school, gradually drawing the frightened beast into a narrow bay, until, being unable to escape by reason of grinding upon the ice, they fall easy victims to the spear or harpoon of their hunters. On the coast to the north of the sound the rifle again serves as a weapon to kill the beluga. White whale blubber resembles limburger cheese in taste, while the flesh, if of a calf, is tender and palatable. The fins when boiled and covered with vinegar are an excellent substitute for pigs' feet.

Ursus americanus or the white polar bear is also a food supplier for the Mutes. The extent of their travels in the Arctic region are far and wide. Observations by Capt. Healy, of the United States revenue marine, prove the fact that the polar bear's southern limit of range is St. Matthew Island—(60 degrees, 50 minutes north latitude) in the Behring sea. I believe that a few of these bears were seen some years ago near the Seal lead. Probably the season was a late one, and they were seen upon a large ice floe drifting. At St. Matthews the polar bears have lairs and dens among the rocky glens that diversify that island.

In summer the hairy coat of the polar bear turns to a dingy yellow, and its pelt then becomes useless. These bears are arrogant covards, and will not attack any one unless there are two or three in company. As soon as they see a man approaching they run away as fast as they can. There are but few records of a bear killing any native along the northwestern coast. The Mutes are very partial to white bear meat, but the blubber they reject and even the dogs, unless they are very hungry, turn up their noses at the oily mass. It is almost an impossibility to obtain an entire skin of any kind of bear. The Mutes throughout the territory cut off the head and claws and

either throw them into the sea or running water or bury them in the ground. This is done to enable the hunters to kill more bears, and the idea is that if the other bears see the heads or claws of their dead friends they will leave the district.—San Francisco Chronicle.

## WHEN GRADY WAS STARVING.

Incident in the Early Life of the Brilliant Journalist.

It is just about ten years ago—no, it's eleven—that Grady arrived in Washington, on his way from New York to Atlanta, a very hungry man. As he says himself in telling the story: "I had been to New York to seek employment as a correspondent for The Herald. Mr. Bennett had appointed me the correspondent for The Herald at a good salary for the states of Georgia, South Carolina and Florida. I did not like to ask him for an advance; in fact, I gave him to understand by my manner that I had a pocketful of money. But, as a matter of fact, I had so little that when I got to Washington I had nothing left except 50 cents and my ticket to Atlanta.

"Well, I knew that it was a long way to Atlanta, and that I would be apt to be hungry even then. I was then before I got home. I said to myself: 'I shall spend all this money now on one good-by square meal or shall I spend it in bits on my way down?' I concluded finally that, inasmuch as no one of the little bits I might get on the way home would give me even temporary satisfaction, I had better spend the whole bill cents for the largest meal I could get and then hold out as best I could. So I went into an eating house and said to the proprietor: 'Give me as much to eat as you can for 50 cents.' He did so, and I ate it. I never ate so much in my life before or since.

"On the strength of that meal I went on all right until we got to Danville, where we were delayed for some reason three or four hours beyond the schedule time. This delay, of course, I had not reckoned on. After a while we got started again, however, and we got on all right so far as the train was concerned all the way home. But I suffered the tortures of Tantalus. I remember that an old woman had gotten near Danville with a big, old fashioned cheese box in her arms. By and by, just as the hunger began to take a good grip on me, she took off the lid. It was her lunch box. She drew out all sorts of eatables, one after the other, and ate of each sparingly, throwing the remnant out of the car window. Oh, how exasperatingly tantalizing it was. I remember most distinctly a delicately browned chicken and a deep, dark old fashioned pumpkin pie. That wretched old woman just tasted that chicken, just nibbled at that pie, and then threw the rest away while I sat starving in the next seat.—Washington Post, Philadelphia Record.

## THE MODEL CHURCH.

Well, wife, I've found the model church, And worship'd there to-day; It made me think of good old times, Before my hair was gray. The meeting house was finer built, Than they were years ago, But then I found when I went in, It was not built for show.

The sexton did not set me down, Away back by the door; He knew that I was old and deaf, And saw that I was poor. He must have been a Christian man, He must have been a Christian man, He must have been a Christian man, He must have been a Christian man.

I wish you, wife, I'd heard the singing, wife, It had the old-time ring; The preacher said with trumpet voice, Let all the people sing: "Old Coronation" was the tune, The music upward rolled, Till I thought I heard the angel-choir, Strike all their harps of gold.

My deafness seemed to melt away, My spirit caught the fire; I joined my feeble, trembling voice, With that melodious choir. And sang to a most beautiful day, And sang to a most beautiful day, And sang to a most beautiful day, And sang to a most beautiful day.

I tell you, wife, it did me good To sing that hymn once more, I felt like some wrecked mariner Who gets a glimpse of shore. I want to go to lay to rest This weather-beaten form, And anchor in the blessed port, Forever from the storm.

'Twas not a flowery sermon with- In temple gospel truth; It fitted humble men like me; It suited gospel youth, To win immortal souls to Christ, The cannot preacher tried, He talked out of himself, or creed, But Jesus comforted.

Bear wife the fall will soon be here, The vision soon be shown, The shining land is just ahead, Our race is nearly run, We're nearing Cancer's clasp stone, Our home is bright and fair, Thank God we'll never see again, There is no sorrow there, In heaven above where I live, There'll be no sorrow there.

**Bucklen's Arnica Salve**  
The best Salve in the world for Cuts, Bruises, Sores, Salt Rheum, Fever Sores, Tetter, Chapped Hands, Chilblains, Corns, and all skin Eruptions, and positively cures Piles, or sores required. It is guaranteed to give perfect satisfaction, or money refunded. Price 25 cents per box. For sale by Penny & McAllister.

**Interesting Experiences.**  
Hiram Cameron, Furniture Dealer of Columbus, Ga., tells his experience thus: "For three years I have tried every remedy on the market for Stomach and Kidney Disorders, but got no relief, until I used Electric Bitters. Took five bottles and I am now cured, and think Electric Bitters the best Blood Purifier in the world." Major A. B. Reed, of West Liberty, Ky., used Electric Bitters for an old standing Kidney affection and says: "Nothing has ever done me so much good as Electric Bitters." Sold at 50 cents a bottle by Penny & McAllister.

**A Captain's Fortunate Discovery.**  
Capt. Coleman, ex-Br. Weymouth, flying between Atlantic City and N. Y., had been troubled with a cough so that he was unable to sleep, and was induced to try Dr. King's New Discovery for Consumption. It not only gave him instant relief, but it cured the extreme soreness in his throat. His children were similarly affected and a single dose had the same happy effect. Dr. King's New Discovery is now the standard remedy in the Coleman household and on board the schooner, Free Trial Bottles of this Standard Remedy at Penny & McAllister's Drug Store.

Green's Electric Oil cures all aches and pains. For sale by McAllister & Stage at 60c.  
Green's Golden Balm, sure cure for Catarrh at 60c. at McAllister & Stage's.

We used the money doctors for subscription and would be obliged to all in arrears to remit at once.



**ROYAL BAKING POWDER**  
Absolutely Pure.

That powder never varies. A marvel of purity, strength and wholesomeness. More economical than the ordinary kinds, and can not be sold in competition with the multitude of low test, short weight alum or phosphate powders. Sold only in cans. ROYAL BAKING POWDER CO., 106 Wall Street, New York.

## SITUATION WANTED.

By a young lady, who holds a first grade certificate and is competent to teach music, either as governess or teacher. Address T. M. W., care Intelligencer Journal, Stanford, Ky., 105-110.

## LUMBER.

I have for sale all dimensions of seasoned yellow pine lumber materials. Contractors or parties wishing to buy will find it to their interest to call on me. F. REED, Stanford, Ky.

WM. AYRES, JAS. G. GIVENS, Notary Public.

**AYRES & GIVENS, ATTORNEYS AT LAW,**  
341 Fifth Street, LOUISVILLE, - - KY.  
Rooms 3 and 5, Crosville Block. (105-17)

WOOD WALLACE, WATT COCHRAN.

**WALLACE & COCHRAN, GENTS' FURNISHERS,**  
515, 4th Street, LOUISVILLE, - - KY.  
106-2m.

## TAXES FOR 1886!

So many having responded to my warning issued some time ago, and so many others appear to be making such an effort to discharge their taxes, I have concluded to extend the time for advertising lands until the 15th day of February—this, however, is positively the last extension that I can possibly make. J. N. MERRICK, Sheriff Lincoln County, 106-1f.

## COMMERCIAL HOTEL!

BY J. W. ADAMS, MCKINNEY, - - KY.

I have lately purchased this hotel and have made many improvements in it. Everything in first-class style, and makes only moderate charges. As I have been on the road for several years I know the wants of traveling men, and I will make it to their interest to stop with me. 106-17f.

## TO WHOM IT MAY CONCERN!

This is to certify that Mr. Jacob Ottenheimer no longer connected with the Lincoln Land Co., that he is not authorized to contract for the Company, or receive money for the same, or to incur any obligation in the name of the Company, or in any way to act for the same. O. E. RICHARD, President Lincoln Land Co., New York, Dec. 11, 1885. 106-1f.

## New Goods for Fall and Winter.

Get Up in style and Make Second to None in City or Country. H. C. RUPLEY, MERCHANT TAILOR.

I have prepared and will receive—

**H. C. RUPLEY, MERCHANT TAILOR.**

**H. C. RUPLEY, MERCHANT TAILOR.**

**H. C. RUPLEY, MERCHANT TAILOR.**

**H. C. RUPLEY, MERCHANT TAILOR.**

**H. C. RUPLEY, MERCHANT TAILOR.**

**H. C. RUPLEY, MERCHANT TAILOR.**

DR. W. B. PENNY, DENTIST, Stanford, - - Kentucky.



Office on Lancaster street, next door to LYMINGTON JOURNAL office. Office hours from 12 to 12 A. M. and 1 to 5 P. M. Anesthetics administered when necessary. 105-17f.

## THE THOROUGHBREED

## HOLSTEIN FRIESIAN BULL

## MARQUIS OF ADELIN.

This fine Bull will stand the season now commencing at my stable on the Lancaster Pike, one half mile from Stanford Court House, on the season, with the privilege of breeding the cow until the cow proves in calf. Money due when cow is first served.

Marquis of Adeline's sire, Herbert, has since imported Apollo and then imported Southern Beauty.

Marquis of Adeline's dam, Adeline, has since imported Uncle Tom—then imported Lady Fisher. For further particulars as to pedigree see H. F. H. H.

This is a very fine young Bull from a celebrated family of milkers including the cow Echo, the greatest of her day; her owner having refused \$25,000 for her.

The Holstein-Friesian cattle have taken the lead as the best for the family, and a cross with the Shorthorn produces a very fine animal. I will buy all the male calves begotten by this Bull at good price as delivered at weaning time. H. H. MILLER, Stanford, Ky.

## L. &amp; N.

Louisville & Nashville R. R.

## THROUGH TRUNK LINE

## SOUTH &amp; WEST

Pullman Palace Sleepers.

Louisville to Nashville, Memphis, Atlanta, Montgomery, Little Rock, Mobile and New Orleans.

Only one change to points in Arkansas and Texas.

## EMIGRANTS

Seeking homes on the line of this road will receive special rates. Office Agents of this Company for rates, routes, etc., or write C. P. ARMOUR, O. P. A., Louisville, Ky.

## 1887.

## HARPER'S MAGAZINE.

ILLUSTRATED.

Harper's Magazine during 1887 will contain a novel of intense political, social, and romantic interest, entitled "Narka"—a story of Russian life—by Kathleen O'Meara, a new novel, "The April Hope," by W. D. Howells, "Southwestern Sketches," by Charles Dudley Warner, and "Sebera Harding Davis, illustrated by William Hamilton. "Great American Industries," continued, "Social Studies," by Dr. H. T. Riley, further articles on the Railway Problem by competent writers, new series of illustrations by E. A. Abbey and Alfred Parsons, articles by E. P. Roe, and other attractions.

PER YEAR  
Harper's Weekly ..... \$4 00  
Harper's Magazine ..... 4 00  
Harper's Bazar ..... 4 00  
Harper's Young People ..... 2 00  
Harper's Franklin Square Library one year (52 numbers) ..... 10 00  
Harper's Handy Andy Series one year (52 Numbers) ..... 10 00

Package for sale by subscribers in the United States and Canada.

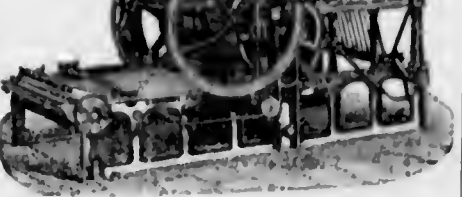
For values of the Magazine begin with the November for June and December of each year. When the time is specified, after the first and begin with the number current at time of receipt of order.

Both Advances and Harper's Magazine, for three years back, in most cases in full, will be sent by mail, postpaid, on receipt of \$3.00 per volume. Single copies for binding, 30 cents each—by mail, postpaid.

Index in Harper's Magazine to Alphabetical, Analytical, and Classified by Volumes 1 to 25, inclusive, from June, 1861, to June, 1885, one vol., size, cloth \$1.00.

Remittances should be made by Postal Note, Money Order or Draft, to avoid change of loss. Newspapers are not accepted. This advertisement without the express order of Harper & Brothers, Address HARRIS & BROTHERS, New York.

## THE SEMI-WEEKLY



## Interior Journal

STANFORD, KY.

W. P. WALTON, Prop'r.

Published every Tuesday and Friday at the low price of

TWO DOLLARS PER YEAR.

## JOB WORK

Neatly and Cheaply Executed.

## VICK'S FLORAL GUIDE

For 1887

Now ready, contains 2 Colored Plates, hundreds of illustrations, and nearly 300 pages of text pertaining to Gardening and Flower Culture, and over 100 containing an illustrated list of nearly all the FLOWERS and VEGETABLES grown, with directions how to grow them, where the best SEEDS, PLANTS, and CUTTINGS can be procured, with prices of each. The book mailed free on receipt of 10 cents, and the 10 cents may be deducted from the first order sent in. Twenty cents more if sent in a parcel, or who desire good, fresh seeds, should have this work. We refer to the millions who have used our seeds. Buy only VICK'S Seeds at Headquarters. JAMES VICK, SEEDSMAN, Rochester, N. Y.

## MYERS HOTEL,

STANFORD, KY.

E. H. BURNSIDE, - Prop'r

This Old and Well-Known Hotel Still Maintains its High Reputation.

Its Proprietor is Determined that it shall be second to no Country Hotel in the State in its Fare, Appointments, or Attention to Comfort of their Guests.

Rooms will be conveyed to and from the office of charge. Special accommodations to Commercial Travelers. The Bar will always supply with the choicest brands of liquors and cigars.

Rooms will be conveyed to and from the office of charge. Special accommodations to Commercial Travelers. The Bar will always supply with the choicest brands of liquors and cigars.

## KENTUCKY CENTRAL R. R.

"Blue-Grass Route."

Shortest and Quickest Route from Central Kentucky to all Points North, East, West and Southwest.—Fast Line Between—

## LEXINGTON &amp; CINCINNATI

Schedule in Effect May 16, 1886.

SOUTH-BOUND.		No. 6.	No. 4.	No. 11.
		Ex. Sta.	Daily	Ex. Sta.
Lvs. Covington	8 15 a.m.	8 10 p.m.	8 30 p.m.	
Lvs. Lexington	9 40 a.m.	9 34 p.m.	9 53 p.m.	
Lvs. Paris	10 45 a.m.	10 18 p.m.	10 58 p.m.	
Lvs. Richmond	11 30 a.m.	10 48 p.m.	11 17 p.m.	
Lvs. Winchester	11 50 a.m.	10 43 p.m.	11 22 p.m.	
Lvs. Richmond	12 30 p.m.	11 30 p.m.	12 05 p.m.	
Lvs. Lexington	1 30 p.m.	11 30 p.m.	1 10 p.m.	
Lvs. Paris	2 30 p.m.	11 30 p.m.	2 10 p.m.	
Lvs. Winchester	3 30 p.m.	11 30 p.m.	3 10 p.m.	
Lvs. Richmond	4 30 p.m.	11 30 p.m.	4 10 p.m.	
Lvs. Lexington	5 30 p.m.	11 30 p.m.	5 10 p.m.	
Lvs. Paris	6 30 p.m.	11 30 p.m.	6 10 p.m.	
Lvs. Winchester	7 30 p.m.	11 30 p.m.	7 10 p.m.	
Lvs. Richmond	8 30 p.m.	11 30 p.m.	8 10 p.m.	
Lvs. Lexington	9 30 p.m.	11 30 p.m.	9 10 p.m.	
Lvs. Paris	10 30 p.m.	11 30 p.m.	10 10 p.m.	
Lvs. Winchester	11 30 p.m.	11 30 p.m.	11 10 p.m.	
Lvs. Richmond	12 30 p.m.	11 30 p.m.	12 10 p.m.	
Lvs. Lexington	1 30 a.m.	11 30 p.m.	1 10 a.m.	
Lvs. Paris	2 30 a.m.	11 30 p.m.	2 10 a.m.	
Lvs. Winchester	3 30 a.m.	11 30 p.m.	3 10 a.m.	
Lvs. Richmond	4 30 a.m.	11 30 p.m.	4 10 a.m.	
Lvs. Lexington	5 30 a.m.	11 30 p.m.	5 10 a.m.	
Lvs. Paris	6 30 a.m.	11 30 p.m.	6 10 a.m.	
Lvs. Winchester	7 30 a.m.	11 30 p.m.	7 10 a.m.	
Lvs. Richmond	8 30 a.m.	11 30 p.m.	8 10 a.m.	
Lvs. Lexington	9 30 a.m.	11 30 p.m.	9 10 a.m.	
Lvs. Paris	10 30 a.m.	11 30 p.m.	10 10 a.m.	
Lvs. Winchester	11 30 a.m.	11 30 p.m.	11 10 a.m.	
Lvs. Richmond	12 30 a.m.	11 30 p.m.	12 10 a.m.	
Lvs. Lexington	1 30 a.m.	11 30 p.m.	1 10 a.m.	
Lvs. Paris	2 30 a.m.	11 30 p.m.	2 10 a.m.	
Lvs. Winchester	3 30 a.m.	11 30 p.m.	3 10 a.m.	
Lvs. Richmond	4 30 a.m.	11 30 p.m.	4 10 a.m.	
Lvs. Lexington	5 30 a.m.	11 30 p.m.	5 10 a.m.	
Lvs. Paris	6 30 a.m.	11 30 p.m.	6 10 a.m.	
Lvs. Winchester	7 30 a.m.	11 30 p.m.	7 10 a.m.	
Lvs. Richmond	8 30 a.m.	11 30 p.m.	8 10 a.m.	
Lvs. Lexington	9 30 a.m.	11 30 p.m.	9 10 a.m.	